

6<sup>th</sup> JuneCombining Lengths.

1a) I started with finding a solution to the 3, 4, 5 consecutive lengths problem. We managed to get up to 9 lengths, and this is how we did it:

$1 = 4 - 3$

$4 = 4$

$7 = 4 + 3$

$2 = 5 - 3$

$5 = 5$

$8 = 5 + 3$

$3 = 3$

$6 = 5 + 4 - 3$

$9 = 5 + 4$

1b) We then made another set of consecutive numbers with 1, 3 and 5 length rods, and we got up to 9 again. This is how..

$1 = 1$

$4 = 3 + 1$

$7 = (3 - 1) + 5$

$2 = 3 - 1$

$5 = 5$

$8 = 5 + 3$

$3 = 3$

$6 = 5 + 1$

$9 = 5 + 3 + 1$

1c) Next, we tried to do the same, but this time with 4 rods. The rods we used were 1, 2, 3, 5, and we got up to 11 consecutive lengths.

$1 = 1$

$5 = 5$

$9 = 5 + 3 + 1$

$2 = 2$

$6 = 5 + 1$

$10 = 5 + 3 + 2$

$3 = 3$

$7 = 5 + 2$

$11 = 5 + 3 + 2 + 1$

$4 = 3 + 1$

$8 = 5 + 3$

That was how! :)

Furthermore, the last solution (4 rods), did not include any subtractions in the sums - it was all additions or numbers on its own. Therefore, it doesn't effect ~~if~~ whether you can only add lengths.