

Proper Factors

(1) Show that $3^2 \times 5^3$ has exactly 10 proper factors.

Answer: For $3^2 \times 5^3$, it has $(2+1) \times (3+1) = 3 \times 4 = 12$ factors

A proper factor of an integer N is a positive integer, not 1 or N , that divides N .

So 12 factors minus 2 equals 10 factors
All of them are on my excel table!

For $3^m \times 5^n$, it has $(m+1) \times (n+1)$ number of factors

$\therefore (m+1) \times (n+1) - 2 = \text{total number of proper factors}$

$(m+1) \times (n+1) - 2 = 10$

$(m+1) \times (n+1) = 12$

$(m+1) \times (n+1) = \begin{cases} 2 \times 6 \\ 3 \times 4 \\ 4 \times 3 \end{cases}$

possible combos

$m+1$	$n+1$	m	n	$3^m \times 5^n$	EXCEL TABLE
2	6	1	5	$3^1 \times 5^5$	Table (2)
3	4	2	3	$3^2 \times 5^3$	Table (3)
4	3	3	2	$3^3 \times 5^2$	Table (4) - same as (3)
				$3^3 \times 5^3$	Table (5)

(2) Let this number which has 426 proper factors be N
 $N = 2^m \times 3^n \times 5^p \times 7^q$

This has a total factor equals to $426 + 2 = 428$

$\therefore (m+1) \times (n+1) \times (p+1) \times (q+1) = 428 = 2 \times 2 \times 107$

N must be the smallest positive integer that has 428 factors.
assign 107 to $m+1$

Q: $m = 106$ 2^m is 2^{106}

assign 2 to $n+1 \Rightarrow 3$
 $\therefore n = 1$

assign 2 to $p+1 \Rightarrow 5$
 $\therefore p = 1$

$\therefore N = 2^m \times 3^n \times 5^p \times 7^q$

$\therefore N = 2^{106} \times 3^1 \times 5^1 \times 7^1$

$N = 1.2 \times 10^{33}$

Solutions include excel file.