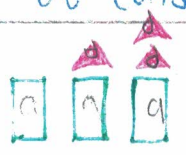

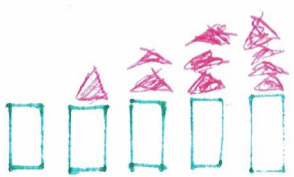


Three neighbours

number of consecutive numbers	sum of the series	comments
<p>③</p>  <p>$a, a+d, a+2d$</p>	<p>$3 \times \square + 3 \times \blacktriangle$ $3a + 3d = 3(a+d)$</p>	<p>multiple of 3</p>
<p>4</p>  <p>$a, a+d, a+2d, a+3d$</p>	<p>$4 \times \square + 6 \times \blacktriangle$ $= 4a + 6d$</p>	<p>$f=3 \times 2$ not multiple of 4 so $4a + 6d$ is not a multiple of 4 4</p>
<p>5</p>  <p>$a, a+d, a+2d, a+3d, a+4d$</p>	<p>$5 \times \square + 10 \times \blacktriangle$ $5a + 10d = 5(a+2d)$</p>	<p>multiple of 5</p>
<p>6</p> <p>$a, a+d, a+2d, a+3d, a+4d, a+5d$</p>	<p>$6 \times \square + 15 \times \blacktriangle$ $6a + 15d$ $= 3(2a + 5d)$</p>	<p>multiple of 3</p>
<p>7</p> <p>$a, a+d, \dots, a+(6)d, a+(7)d$</p>	<p>$7 \times \square + 21 \times \blacktriangle$ $7a + 21d$ $= 7(a+3d)$</p>	<p>multiple of 7</p>
<p>8</p> <p>$a, \dots, a+(7)d, a+(8)d$</p>	<p>$8a + 28d$ $= 4(2a + 7d)$</p>	<p>multiple of 4</p>
<p>9</p> <p>$a, \dots, a+(8)d, a+(9)d$</p>	<p>$9a + 36d$ $= 9(a+4d)$</p>	<p>multiple of 9</p>

Three Neighbours

Continue.

My Conclusions:

① The pattern is: The sum of the consecutive series are multiples of 3, 5, 7, 9, 11, 13 ~~the~~ ^{if} the number of items in the series are 3, 5, 7, 9, 11, 13 respectively

② Every number in the pattern is odd number.